When World War I broke out across Europe in 1914, President Woodrow Wilson proclaimed the United States would remain neutral, and many Americans supported this policy of nonintervention. However, public opinion about neutrality started to change after the sinking of the British ocean liner Lusitania by a German U-boat in 1915; almost 2,000 people perished, including 128 Americans. The U.S. officially entered the conflict on April 6, 1917. Join Pat Schuber as he takes us on a journey through America’s role in World War 1.

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